



MONTHLY ECONOMIC BULLETIN

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The CEO'S Remarks

indices, which showed the highest confidence numbers in approximately 15 years. This supports optimism and we have been seeing more investments on the ground.

This is an enviable position that we must protect, as confidence is a primary driver of investments and consumption. It is this increased investments and consumption that drive markets, and hence produce growth, which is what must be addressed as a matter of urgency for the Jamaican economy.

We have also recently had a tax package, which saw those persons earning between \$1.5 and \$6 Million, annually, receiving a tax break on their incomes. The irony of the package, however, is that while it gives a tax break to those in the \$1.5 million to \$6 million earnings group, on the same hand, persons who are earning less than the original threshold of \$592,000, will actually see a real reduction, as a result of the inflationary impact of the budget. And persons earning above \$6 million will see an increased tax rate. Therefore this does not represent a true move towards indirect taxation.

Even with this impact, however, the economy is expected to grow at a rate of close to 2 percent, for the current calendar year. This is very possible, given the performance of tourism, and other non-traditional sectors.

The question going forward then is, what will be the impact of the tax package on the economy, and what can be expected.

Last month we saw improvements in the confidence My own view is that there will not be any major impact on spending from the tax relief initially, especially as those outside of the band will see a real decrease. There the PSOJ has stated that there is a greater level of will, however, be some minimal impact from this tax relief, as expenditures should see marginal increases.

> My own disappointment with the budget process thus far, is that it has not yet addressed in any focussed way the long term sustainable developmental goals. So although the tax measures will have some short term impact, the longer term growth is going to depend to a very high degree on productivity improvements.

> This is the challenge that the government faces. That is, now that more money is placed in the hands of those with a higher propensity to consume, we must move quickly to improve growth and productivity levels, so that the greater spending is supported by greater productivity. If not the result will be higher inflation levels, to compensate for the greater monies in the economy.

> So while PSOJ has in the past (PSWG Report) supported, and continues to support, the move towards indirect (consumption) to direct taxation (especially on PAYE), the pace at which it is done is going to be critical to support fiscal revenues and low economic numbers.

> I do, however, think that Jamaica is on track to see economic improvements, but unless we address the training issues, the increased growth will not result in broad based benefit. This is so even with the tax relief, which will see short term improvements, and can only be sustained with productivity improvements.

Economic Highlights April 2016

- In April, the Business and Consumer Confidence Indices for the first quarter of 2016 was released. The Business Confidence Index was 144.6 in the 1st quarter 2016 survey, up from 123.0 in the 4th quarter and 131.9 in last year's 1st quarter. According to the survey, optimism among Jamaican firms rose at the start of 2016 to its highest level in the fifteen-year history of the survey. All the index components increased. The include, Current components Return Investments (101), Investment/Expansion Climate (137), Expected Change in Economy (147), Expected Change Firm's Finances (165), Expected Change in Profitability (166). The Consumer Confidence Index was 147.9 in the 1st quarter of 2016, up from 124.4 in the 4th quarter and 114.3 one year ago. The survey reflected an increase in the expectations index as consumers expected the new economic policies to have as significant impact on the economy and their own finances. All index components increased. The components include, Current Business Conditions (83), Current Job Prospects (18), Expected Business Conditions (114), Expected Job Prospects (111), Expected Change in Income (138).
- At the end of April 2016, the value of the Jamaica

- Dollar depreciated by J\$0.49 or 0.40% relative to the previous month to J\$122.45=US\$1.00.The Canadian dollar depreciated by J\$4.65 or 5.06% to J\$96.61 = CAD\$1.00 relative to March. The Great Britain pound depreciated by J\$2.07 or 1.20% relative to the previous month to end at J\$\$174.77 = GBP£1.00.
- Inflation, measured by the All Jamaica "All Divisions" Consumer Price Index (CPI) decreased by 0.4% for the period April 2016 over March 2016. The decrease in the rate for February brought inflation for the calendar year to date to -1.7%. The decrease in the rate for April 2016 over March 2016 brought inflation for Fiscal Year to January to -0.4%. The 12-month point to point rate at the end of April 2016 was 2.4%.
- ◆ Data for the month ending April 2016 revealed that the stock of Net International Reserves (NIR) at the Bank of Jamaica was J\$267.83 billion (US\$2,335.90 million). This reflected a decrease of J\$9.131 billion (US\$79.63 million) relative to March 2016.
- The monetary base decreased by J\$0.173 billion to J\$119.838 billion for April 2016 relative to March this year.
- On the last trading day in April 2016, for the period April 01, 2016 to April 29, 2016, the main JSE index declined by 3,872.15 points or 2.52% to close

Economic Highlights April 2016

at 150,039.18 points. The JSE Combined Index declined by 2,159.96 points or 1.33% to close at 160,357.96 points. The JSE Junior advanced by 139.63 points or 7.25% to close at 2,064.85 points. In contrast, once again, the JSE Cross Listed Index remained firmed and closed the month at 499.06 points.

- ♦ For the month of March 2016, the production of Alumina was 166,803 tonnes. For the month, the sale of alumina amounted to 146,371 tonnes. The production of crude bauxite, which is bauxite mined for exports, for March 2016 was 355,358 tonnes. Total bauxite production, which is the sum of bauxite mined for exports and bauxite converted to alumina, for March this year was 807,849 tonnes. The total crude bauxite sold for the month was 298,987 tonnes. For the calendar year to date, the production of crude bauxite was 1,103,208 tonnes. For the calendar year to date, the production of total bauxite was 2,315,925 tonnes.
- For February 2016, the overall weighted average lending rate on domestic currency loans decreased to 16.81% from 17.27% relative to the previous month. The weighted average domestic interest rates on deposits remained unchanged at

- 1.56% relative to January. For February this year foreign currency loans rate decreased relative to January 2016. In this regard, the foreign currency loan rate marginally declined by 1bps to 7.32%. The interest rates on foreign currency deposits decreased for February relative to January this year.
- Stopover tourist arrivals for February 2016 were 185,272. This month's total was 5,716 or 3.18% higher than the 179,556 in February this year. For the January to February period, arrivals increased by 2.9%, with 364,831 stopovers compared to 354,426 in 2015. A total of 197,467 cruise passengers visited Jamaica in January, 2016. This represented a 10,723 or 5.74% increase over the 186,744 recorded in the previous number.
- At the end of January 2016 gross remittance inflows were US\$160.3 million. This represented a decrease of 24.0% or US\$50.6 million relative to the US\$210.9 million recorded in December.
- There were prices reductions observed in 24% (5) of the commodities monitored for April 2016. The price of crude oil index Brent increased in March 2016 as well as the WTI. The Brent moved up by 8.14% and the WTI increased by 8.45%. Natural gas increased by 11.76%.

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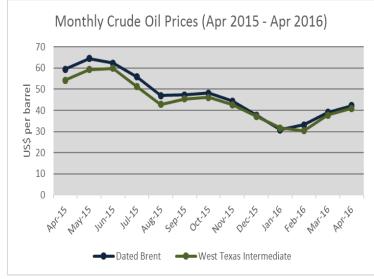
International Commodity Prices

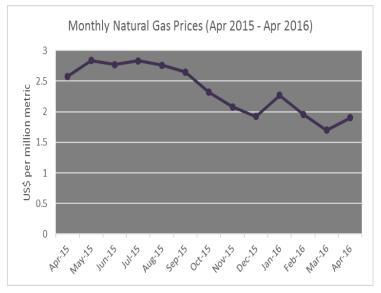
Crude Oil Prices

For the month ending April 2016, both the average price of the Dated Brent and the West Texas Intermediate (WTI) increased. The Brent ended the month of April at US\$42.25 per bbl. This represented a US\$3.18 or 8.14% increase from the US\$39.07 per bbl recorded for the previous month. The West Texas Intermediate (WTI) ended the month at US\$40.96. This represented a US\$3.19 or 8.45% increase relative to last month. A one-year comparison of prices revealed that this year's price for the Brent is 28.86% or US\$17.14 per bbl lower. When compared to last year's price, this year's WTI price is 24.43% or US\$13.24 below. When compared to their price levels two years ago both the Brent and WTI are 60.84% and 59.91% respectively below. The 5-year average of prices ranging from April 2011 to March 2016 for the Dated Brent and the West Texas Intermediate are US\$93.09 per bbl and US\$82.768 per bbl respectively. This month's price was 55% below the 5-year average of prices for the Brent and **50.51%** for the WTI.

The Word Bank in its latest Commodity Markets Outlook published in April, rose its 2016 forecast for crude oil prices to \$41 per barrel from \$37 per barrel. This was as a result of the improving market sentiment and a weakening dollar, as an oversupply in markets is expected to recede.

Senior Economist and lead author of the Commodities Markets Outlook, John Baffes, stated that slightly higher prices for energy commodities over the course of the year is expected as markets





rebalance after a period of oversupply. In addition, energy prices could fall further if OPEC increases production significantly and non-OPEC production does not fall as fast as expected.

Natural Gas

For the month ending April 2016, natural gas price increased relative March. The price for natural gas ended at US\$1.9 per million metric. This reflected an increase of US\$0.2 or 11.76% from US\$1.7 in March.

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International Commodity Prices

In April 2015 natural gas per million metric was valued at US\$2.58 signifying that this year's price is US\$0.68 or 26.36% lower. Similarly, a two-year comparison revealed that natural gas prices have decreased, this time by US\$2.73 or 58.96% per million metric. The five-year average monthly price for natural gas ranging from April 2011 to March 2016 is US\$3.38 per million metric, hence this year's April price was US\$1.48 or 43.82% below.

Monthly Soybean Oil (Apr 2015 - Apr 2016) 800 700 600 500 400 300 200 100 White Rule it Servit Octob Mount Decit Party soybeans soybean meal soybean oil

Soybean Prices

For the month ending April 2016 soybean price per metric tonne was US\$353.8. This denoted a 8.22% or increase from March's value of US\$26.86 US\$326.94 per metric tonne. In April this year, both the average prices of the soybean meal and soybean oil price increased. Soybean meal ended the month at US\$327.7 per metric tonne. This represented an increase of US\$31.52 or 10.64%. At the end of April, the price per metric tonne for soybean oil stood at Sugar Prices US\$748.53 representing a 4.86% or US\$34.67 increase compared to the previous month. A one-year was also US\$193.39 or 35.34% lower than its price period last year the soybean meal price was US\$22.01 above last year's price by US\$56.86 or 8.22%. A two -year comparison of prices for soybean meal and monthly price for soybean meal ranging from April

2011 to March 2016 is **US\$424.30** per metric tonne, which means that April's price was US\$96.60 or 22.77% lower. The five-year average monthly price for soybean oil ranging from April 2011 to March 2016 is US\$944.21 per metric tonne, which means that April's price was US\$195.68 or 20.72% lower.

At the end of April 2016 the average price of the Free Market Sugar ended at US\$0.1522 cents per pound. comparison revealed that prices for soybean decreased This represented a decrease of US\$0.0022 or 1.42% by 0.8769% or US\$3.13. This month soybean price when compared to March 2016. For the US Sugar imports, the average price increased from US\$0.2632 two years ago. When compared to the corresponding in March to US\$0.279 in April. This represented an increase of US\$0.0158 or 6.00% cents per pound. At or 6.294% below. However, soybean oil price was the end of April 2016 the European Sugar imports ended its seven months' decline to end at US\$0.2367 cents per pound. This represented a US\$0.0001 or soybean oil revealed that they decreased by 38.59% 0.04% increase compared to the previous month. For and 19.87% respectively. The five-year average the period April 2016 relative to April 2015, the price of Free Market sugar increased by US\$0.0231 or

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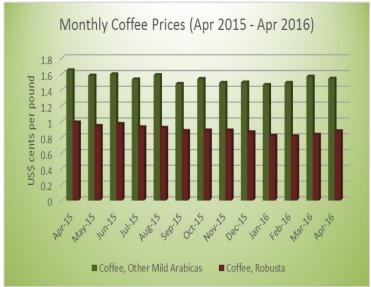
International Commodity Prices

17.89% cents per pound. A one-year comparison revealed that the price of the US Sugar imports has increased by US\$0.0351 or 14.39%, while the European sugar imports price has decreased by US\$0.0118 or 4.748%. In April 2014 the price for the Free Market sugar was US\$0.1821cents per pound, which means that this year's April price is US\$0.0299 or 16.42% lower. The price of the US Sugar imports is 13.18% higher than the 2014 price while the price of the European Sugar imports is 4.16% lower than the 2014 price. The 5-year average of prices ranging from April 2011 to March 2016 for the US imports and the European imports are US\$0.2684 cents per pound and US\$0.2623 cents per pound respectively. Hence the prices of US imports is above its long term average by 3.956% while the European imports is below it average by **9.7563%**.

Coffee Prices

For the month ending April 2016 the average price for Coffee of the Other Mild Arabicas category decreased while the price for the Robusta coffee increased. The price per pound for coffee of the Other Mild Arabicas category was US\$1.542 cents per pound representing a decline of US\$0.0274 or 1.75%. A one-year comparison revealed that this month's price was US\$0.1075 or 6.52% lower than last year's April price. Robusta Coffee ended the month at US\$0.876 cents per pound. This month's price is above the previous month's price by US\$0.0441 or 5.30%. A one-year comparison revealed that the price of coffee in the Robusta category has fallen by US\$0.1113 or 11.27%. A





two-year comparison revealed that prices have fallen by 32.07% for coffee of the 'Other Mild Arabica's category and by 20.85% for coffee in the Robusta category. The five-year average monthly prices ranging from April 2011 to March 2016 for Arabica and Robusta are US\$1.864 and US\$1.038 respectively. This implies that this year's April price for the Arabica was 17.31% lower than the average price and for the Robusta coffee it was 15.59% lower than its average price.

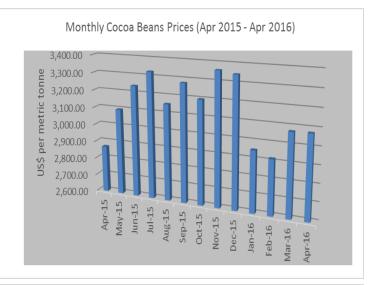
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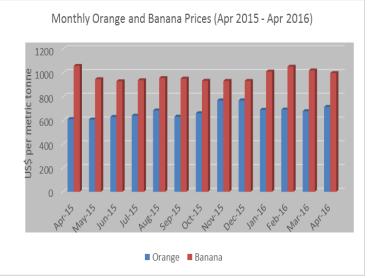
Cocoa Bean Prices

For the month ending April 2016, cocoa bean prices marginally increased relative to the previous month. Prices increased by US\$2.18 per metric tonne or 0.07% to close at US\$3,075.70 per metric tonne. A one-year comparison revealed that, this year's price is higher by US\$207.43 or 7.232%. A two-year price comparison showed that the April 2016 price for cocoa beans is higher by US\$25.09 or 0.8225% than its price in April 2014. The five-year average for monthly prices ranging from April 2011 to March 2016 for cocoa bean is US\$2,780.41 per metric tonne, this means that this year's April price was US\$295.29 or 10.62% higher.

Orange Prices

For the month ending April 2016 orange price increased to US\$713.8 per metric tonne. The month's price increased by 5.31% or US\$35.97 per metric tonne, relative to March. When compared to the same period in 2015, this year's price was US\$101.67 or 16.61% higher. A two-year comparison revealed that prices have fallen by US\$133.09 or 16%. The five-year average monthly price ranging from April 2011 to March 2016 is US\$829.89, indicating that this month's price was US\$116.09 or 14% lower.





Banana Prices

Banana prices for the month ending April 2016 decreased to US\$998.09 per metric tonne. This represented a decline of US\$22.81 or 2.23% relative to the previous month. For April 2016 relative to April

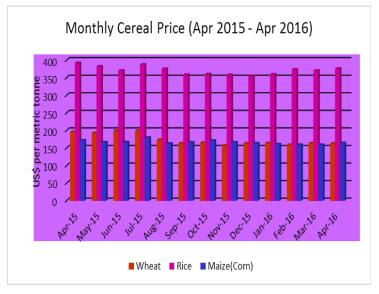


2015, banana prices decreased by US\$61.05 or 5.76% per metric tonne. A two-year comparison revealed that this year's price is above the April 2014 price of US\$945.5 per metric tonne by US\$52.59 or 5.56%. The five-year average monthly prices ranging from April 2011 to March 2016 is US\$957.556, this means that this year's price was US\$40.534 or 4.23% above.

Corn Prices

For the month ending April 2016, corn prices ended its five months decrease. This time prices increased by US\$5.27 or 3.31% relative to March, to close the month at US\$164.41 per metric tonne. Between April 2015 and April 2016 prices decreased by US\$7.64 or 4.44%. A two-year price comparison

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showed that this year's price was US\$57.95 or 26.06% lower. The five-year monthly average for corn prices ranging from April 2011 to March 2016 is US\$236.21 per metric tonne, this means that this year's price was US\$71.80 or 30.40% lower.





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Wheat

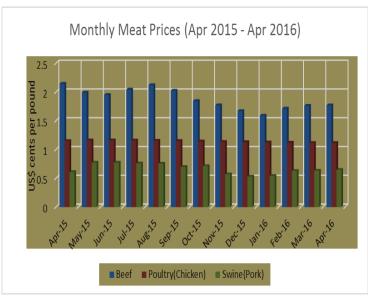
In April 2016, wheat prices marginally decreased by US\$0.67 or 0.41% relative to March 2016 to end at US\$163.36 per metric tonne. Relative to April 2015, prices have fallen by US\$32.54 or 16.61% per metric tonne. A two-year comparison of wheat prices showed that this year's April price was US\$110.11 or 40.26% below the April 2014's price. The average five year monthly prices ranging from April 2011 to March 2016 is US\$265.56 per metric tonne, meaning that this year's April price was US\$102.20 or 38.49% below.

Rice

For the month ending April 2016 the price of the 5 percent broken milled white rice ended at US\$376.05 per metric tonne. This value was US\$5.57 or 1.50% above the US\$370.48 in March this year. This month's price is below the April 2015 price by US\$16.36 or 4.1691%. A two-year price comparison revealed that the commodity's price was US\$33.89 or 8.267% lower than its price in 2014. The five-year monthly price average for rice prices ranging from April 2011 to March 2016 is US\$483.673 per metric tonne, indicating that April's price was US\$107.623 or 22.25% below the long term average.

Beef Prices

In April 2016, the average price for beef increased. Prices marginally increased by US\$0.007 or 0.40% when compared to March, to close at US\$1.769 cents per pound. When compared to April 2015,



prices have fallen by US\$0.3753 or 17.50% cents per pound. In April 2014 prices were US\$1.9123 cents per pound hence this year's price was US\$0.1433 or 7.493% below the 2014 price. The five-year average for prices ranging from April 2011 to March 2016 is US\$1.9501 cents per pound indicating that this month's price was US\$0.1811 or 9.287% below.

Swine (Pork) Prices

Pork prices increased for the month ending April 2016. Price of pork was US\$0.6481 cents per pound. This represented a US\$0.0138 or 2.18% increase from March's price of US\$0.6343. When compared with April 2015, prices increased by US\$0.0383 or 6.28%. Prices are below the price level 2-years ago by US\$0.5552 or 46.139%. It is also below the 5-year average of US\$0.84852 for prices ranging from April 2011 to March 2016 by US\$0.20042 or 23.62%.

Poultry Prices

Chicken prices continued to decrease, this time for the

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International Commodity Prices

tenth month in a row. At the end of April 2016 chicken was valued at US\$1.1155 cents per pound, representing a marginal decrease of US\$0.0001 or 0.01% from March. The price in April 2016 was approximately US\$0.0333 or 2.90% lower than the April 2015 price. In April 2014, the price for poultry was US\$1.0727 cents per pound, indicating that this year's price was US\$0.0428 or 3.99% higher. The average monthly price ranging from April 2011 to March 2016 is US\$1.034 cents per pound, this means that this year's price was US\$0.0815 or 7.884% more.

Aluminum Prices

The price of aluminum increased in April. Prices increased by US\$40.22 or 2.63% to end the month at US\$1,571.23 per metric tonne. For April 2016 relative to April 2015, prices decreased by US\$247.96 or 13.63% per metric tonne. A two-year comparison revealed that this year's price was US\$239.45 or 13% below the price for the corresponding period in 2014. The five-year average for monthly prices ranging from April 2011 to March 2016 for aluminum is US\$1,910.99 per metric tonne, this means that this year's April price was US\$339.76 or 17.78% lower.

Impact of global prices on Jamaica

There were prices reductions observed in 24% (5) of the commodities monitored for April 2016. The price of crude oil index Brent increased in April 2016 as well as the WTI. The Brent moved up by



8.14% and the WTI increased by **8.45%**. Natural gas increased by **11.76%**. The IMF's Fuel Energy index increased by **7.30%**, and the Food and Beverage Index increased by **2.448%**. The all commodity price index increased by **4.73%**.

The Food and Agriculture Organization of the United Nations (FAO) Food Price Index averaged 151.8 points in April 2016, up 1.1 points (0.7%) from March, but almost 10% below its April 2015 level. A relatively strong rise in vegetable oil quotations coupled with a more modest gain in international prices of cereals more than offset a decline in dairy and sugar prices. The FAO Cereal Price Index averaged nearly 150 points in April, up 2.2 points (1.5%) from March, but still down 10.4% year-onyear. Maize quotations increased the most, influenced by weaker US dollar and spill over from soaring prices in the vegetable oils complex. However, favourable weather conditions and expected large supplies in the new season limited gains in wheat markets. Averaged 146.6 points in April, up 1.2 points (0.8%) from March. The prices of pig and poultry meats were



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and demand situation. The FAO Sugar Price Index averaged 215 points in April, down 3.8 points (1.7 percent) from March. Last month's decline reflected generally large export availabilities in Brazil, record) and expectation of reduced use of sugarcane economies. for the production of ethanol in the country.

mostly steady, reflecting an overall balanced supply All main commodity indexes tracked by the World Bank are expected to decline in 2016 from the year before due to persistently elevated supplies, and in the case of industrial commodities – which include energy, metals, and agricultural raw materials -- weak growth supported by a bumper crop (second highest on prospects in emerging market and developing

Commodity	Unit	March Price	April Price	Monthly Change %
Aluminum	Metric tonne	1531.01	1571.23	2.63
Bananas	Metric tonne	1020.9	998.09	-2.23
Beef	Pound	1.762	1.769	0.4
Cocoa Beans	Metric tonne	3073.3	3075.7	0.07
Coffee-Arabicas	Pound	1.5694	1.542	- 1.75
Coffee-Robusta	Pound	0.8319	0.876	5.3
Corn-Maize	Metric tonne	159.14	164.41	3.31
Natural gas	MMBTU	1.7	1.9	11.76
Crude Brent	Barrel	39.07	42.25	8.14
Crude West Texas Intermediate	Barrel	37.77	40.96	8.45
Oranges	Metric tonne	677.83	713.8	5.31
Pork (Swine)	Pound	0.6343	0.6481	2.18
Poultry	Pound	1.1156	1.1155	-0.01
Rice	Metric tonne	370.48	376.05	1.5
Soybean	Metric tonne	326.94	353.8	8.22
Soybean meal	Metric tonne	296.18	327.7	10.64
Soybean oil	Metric tonne	713.86	748.53	4.86
Sugar (free market)	Pound	0.1543	0.1522	- 1.42
Sugar US (Import)	Pound	0.2364	0.279	6
Sugar European (Import)	Pound	0.2632	0.2367	0.04
Wheat	Metric tonne	164.03	163.36	-0.41

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ctual prices through 0-Jan-2016	Table	l. Near Tern	n Commodity	Price Basel	line												
		(In l	U.S. Dollars)														
		Actual								rojections							
mm odities	Units _	201401	2014O2	201403	201404	201501	201502	201503	2015O4	201601	2016O2	201603	201604	201701	2017/02	201703	201
xd																	
ereals																	
Wheat	\$MI \$AII	248.8	274.3	226.3	220.6	205.0	196.3	178.8	162.3	186.3	174.8	178.4	185.0	188.8	190.7	193.4	
Maize	\$MT	210.1	213.9	173.9	173.5	174.2	168.4	169.4	167.1	156.6	1469	149.9	153.7	157.3	159.5	159.9	
Rice	\$MT	440.7	409.4	435.0	420.8	406.6 132.2	381.8	374.0	358.3	356.0	357.6	347.8	345.9	308.9	310.3	301.8	
Barley	\$MT	162.7	166.9	132.8	122.0	152.2	128.1	127.9	123.2	121.6	1240	125.4	110.9	134.7	137.4	1389	
egetable oils and protein meal Soybeans	s SAMT	498.3	540.4	421.7	370.9	363.9	354.6	347.6	323.3	321.6	321.4	323.6	324.2	326.5	328.0	3289	
loybean me al	SAMI	493.3	531.9	436.0	406.7	372.7	348.0	369.3	320.8	297.1	300.2	304.9	307.3	310.1	311.5	3127	
loybean oil	SAMT	877.9	899.7	757.1	716.1	696.4	715.4	6383	638.6	656.3	661.8	6683	669.9	677.6	683.2	687.2	
Palm oil	\$MT	813.7	794.7	695.9	653.3	627.9	599.9	514.6	518.0	536.3	559.7	557.2	552.5	556.6	557.3	557.0	
Fish meal	SAIT	1657.9	1861.6	1973.6	2192.7	2031.9	1744.2	1558.9	1701.9	1704.5	1603.5	1405.2	1363.6	1358.2	1277.8	1119.8	
Surflower Oil	SAMT	1133.1	1121.5	1012.5	1054.2	974.0	10623	1010.4	1042.1	1022.1	1013.1	1004.0	995.9	1014.3	1005.3	9963	
Olive oil	SAIT	3599.0	3663.5	4122.1	4262.5	4568.3	4865.3	5616.4	4658.4	4190.4	4200.0	42483	4290.2	4342.4	4352.4	4402.4	4
Groundmuts	\$MT	2377.3	2228.8	2046.8	1940.1	2016.8	2023.4	2012.9	1731.8	1656.9	1616.7	1576.3	1535.9	1634.4	1594.7	1554.8	
Rape seed oil	\$/MT	980.3	963.1	849.6	824.4	755.1	772.6	772.7	798.2	811.0	784.4	779.0	773.6	739.9	715.7	710.8	
leat	cts/fb																
Beef	cts/fb	191.8	195.5	252.9	256.0	216.6	202.9	2063	176.2	167.1	1568	152.0	157.3	160.7	150.7	146.1	
Lamb	cts/fb	124.1	135.4	132.8	130.2	122.5	112.4	101.3	95.3	95.5	95.5	96.4	97.6	98.2	98.2	99.1	
Swine Meat	cts/fb	92.8	115.4	112.8	90.3	65.5	719	73.8	60.5	53.1	522	52.0	49.5	48.2	47.4	47.1	
Poultry	cts/fb	104.7	109.0	113.0	113.9	114.0	115.6	115.5	113.6	113.1	117.5	120.1	118.4	120.6	125.3	1281	
eafood																	
Salmon	\$/e	7.8	6.9	5.9	5.8	5.6	5.1	5.3	5.3	5.8	5.4	5.4	5.0	5.1	4.7	47	
Shrimp	\$/fb	17.1	17.8	17.0	143	15.7	15.7	15.0	10.0	10.1	9.4	9.3	9.8	9.5	8.8	8.7	
lugar																	
Free market	cts/lb	16.8	18.2	17.7	15.8	14.1	12.6	11.6	14.7	14.3	13.9	13.7	13.8	14.2	13.9	13.7	
United States	cts/fb	22.4	25.3	26.5	25.3	24.8	24.6	24.5	25.5	25.8	25.9	26.0	26.0	25.5	25.6	25.6	
EU	cts/lb	27.5	28.0	27.8	263	25.2	25.5	25.8	25.3	25.0	25.0	25.0	25.0	25.2	25.2	25.2	
lananas	\$/MT	947.1	929.2	939.3	911.9	974.8	978.4	948.9	932.7	932.3	9213	900.7	891.1	897.7	887.1	867.3	
Danges	\$/MT	777.4	838.8	774.1	739.8	698.5	616.9	652.1	733.1	770.0	765.3	760.8	758.1	769.9	765.2	760.7	
everages																	
Caffee																	
Other milds	cts/fb	175.8	213.7	208.4	213.5	177.0	161.0	153.2	150.8	132.2	113.9	117.0	120.6	123.1	124.6	126.6	
Robusta	cts/fb	102.0	107.9	106.0	106.6	101.4	96.7	90.9	87.9	61.5	63.5	65.6	67.3	68.8	70.2	714	
Cocoa Beans	\$/MT	2951.3	3085.0	3229.2	2985.6	2918.5	3068.1	3252.8	3301.5	2931.0	2863.5	2863.8	2833.2	2813.8	2813.6	2811.0	2
Tea	cts/kg	247.9	222.2	233.7	247.6	291.2	320.1	387.2	363.0	343.5	343.5	355.1	364.8	345.9	345.9	357.6	
gricultural rawmaterials																	
lim ber																	
Hardwood																	
Logs	\$M3	289.8	291.5	286.5	260.4	249.9	245.4	243.6	245.2	244.6	244.6	244.6	244.6	254.6	254.6	254.6	
Sawnwood	\$M3	901.9	917.3	910.0	862.6	826.2	834.8	844.9	827.1	816.8	809.3	817.6	853.1	824.6	817.0	825.4	
Saftwood																	
Logs	\$M3	178.4	169.7	167.4	181.5	169.8	159.1	159.8	159.4	159.4	169.1	159.4	160.5	164.0	174.0	164.0	
Sawnwood	\$M3	306.1	312.6	308.3	302.1	306.8	298.0	310.4	329.0	329.0	321.5	312.1	306.8	322.4	315.1	305.8	
Cotton	cts/fb	94.0	926	77.1	68.7	68.8	723	71.0	69.5	62.0	623	62.6	62.0	63.0	63.3	63.5	
Woo1																	
Fine	cts/kg	1114.0	1086.0	1068.1	1029.4	947.8	1079.7	999.7	995.8	1028.3	10283	1028.3	1028.3	1028.3	1028.3	10283	- 1
Coarse	cts/kg	1083.6	1058.7	1025.0	954.3	887.7	962.7	942.0	898.9	909.9	888.9	859.0	809.5	760.3	742.7	717.7	
Rubber	cts/fb	102.1	96.1	83.4	73.5	78.6	81.2	66.1	57.0	57.2	589	59.7	60.4	61.0	62.0	622	
- Tides	cts/fb	107.6	109.8	110.8	112.7	105.8	96.8	76.1	71.7	70.0	715	72.2	74.5	77.7	79.3	80.1	
e tals																	
Copper	\$/MT	7030.2	6795.3	6995.8	66323	5833.2	605 6.6	5267.1	4884.9	4384.1	4357.5	4354.5	4352.0	4351.0	4351.0	4351.0	4
Alminm	\$MT	1709.3	1800.2	1989.7	1970.4	1802.1	1770.3	1592.4	1493.9	1468.9	1471.3	1479.5	1487.9	1496.9	1507.8	15185	1
ron Ore	\$MT	120.4	102.6	90.3	74.0	62.3	57.9	54.4	46.2	39.9	363	343	33.0	32.2	32.1	321	
in Tidad	\$MIT	226363	231462	21915.2	19897.9	18370.0	15589.8	15229.5	15077.2	13553.8	13461.7	13430.0	13400.0	13380.0	13370.0	133169	13
Vickel	\$MT	14661.0	18467.8	18584.2	15860.5	14392.8	13055.8	10578.9	9423.0	8520.8	8562.0	8598.0	8631.7	8662.0	8692.0	8721.7	
inc	\$MT	2026.5	2071.4	2310.7	2235.3	2079.8	21922	1842.8	1611.8	1484.4	1486.8	1497.5	1506.3	1514.2	1521.6	1527.8	
ead Talaina	\$MT	2101.4	2097.1	2182.4	2000.9	1810.4	1942.2	1717.0	1681.7	1619.9	16127	1615.8	1619.8	1624.5	1629.8	1635.1]
Janim	\$/fb	35.2	29.8	31.2	37.8	37.9	36.8	36.4	36.0	35.1	30.0	30.9	35.4	35.8	30.5	315	
ergy		100.0	10.00	100.4													
Spot Crude 1/	\$fbtl	103.7	106.3	100.4	74.5	51.7	60.4	48.8	42.2	27.0	289	31.0	32.7	34.1	35.4	36.4	
Vatural Ges	***	10.0	10.5		100												
Russian in Germany	\$/MMBTU	10.8	10.7	10.1	10.3	9.4	7.4	6.6	5.9	5.8	5.8	5.8	5.8	5.8	5.8	5.8	
Indonesian in Japan (LNG)	\$/MMBTU	17.8	17.6	16.5	161	14.4	9.6	9.8	9.8	9.5	9.5	9.5	9.5	9.5	9.5	9.5	
US, domestic market	\$/MMBTU	5.2	4.6	3.9	3.8	29	27	27	21	2.2	23	24	26	2.8	2.6	27	
Coal																	
Australian, export markets	\$/MT	82.6	77.9	72.7	67.4	65.6	63.2	61.6	56.1	56.0	525	46.7	48.9	56.8	53.2	47.4	

^{1/} Petroleum price is average of spot prices for U.K. Brent, Dubai and West Texas Intermediate.

April 2016 Issue

)-Jan-2016	1	Table 2. Med	lium Term C (In U.S. Dol		rice Baseline	•								
ommodities	Units	2009A1	2010A1	2011A1	2012A1	2013A1	2014A1	2015A1	2016A1	2017A1	2018A1	2019A1	2020A1	2021
					Actua1						Projections			
xd Cereals														
Wheat	\$/MT	190.1	194.5	280.0	276.1	265.8	242.5	185.6	181.1	192.8	199.7	202.7	201.0	1
Maize	\$/MT	165.5	186.0	291.8	298.4	259.0	192.9	169.8	151.1	158.7	163.0	166.4	166.4	
Rice	\$/MT	589.4	520.6	551.7	580.2	518.8	426.5	380.2	351.8	305.3	305.3	305.3	305.3	
Barley	\$/MT	128.4	158.4	207.2	238.2	206.4	146.1	127.9	120.5	133.4	128.9	128.4	127.7	
Vegetable oils and protein mea	ls													
Soybeans	\$/MT	378.5	384.9	484.2	537.8	517.2	457.8	347.4	322.7	327.3	328.2	328.2	328.2	
Soybean meal	\$/MT	359.3	331.3	378.9	473.3	477.3	467.0	352.7	302.4	311.6	314.9	316.9	316.9	
Soybean oil	\$/MT	787.0	924.8	1215.8	1151.8	1011.1	812.7	672.2	664.1	682.6	681.0	681.0	681.0	
Palm oil	\$/MT	644.1	859.9	1076.5	939.8	764.2	739.4	565.1	551.4	556.9	569.6	529.3	486.8	
Fish meal	\$/MT	1255.9	1739.2	1519.3	1624.3	1710.5	1921.5	1759.2	1519.2	1210.6	1210.6	1210.6	1210.6	1
Sunflower Oil	\$/MT	1041.7	1186.0	1621.8	1489.5	1341.1	1080.3	1022.2	1008.8	1001.0	1001.0	1001.0	1001.0	1
Olive oil	\$/MT	3509.3	3171.3	3070.3	3135.7	3816.7	3911.8	4927.1	4232.2	4385.8	4385.8	4385.8	4385.8	4
Groundnuts	\$/MT	994.6	1239.4	1724.0	1688.2	2314.5	2148.3	1946.2	1596.5	1574.7	1574.7	1574.7	1574.7	1
Rapeseed oil	\$/MT	856.2	1011.7	1366.6	1239.1	1081.2	904.4	774.6	787.0	718.1	719.0	719.0	719.5	
Meat		110.6	100.0	102.0	107.0	102.6	2241	200.5	1000	150.0	150.0	100.0	1000	
Beef	cts/fb cts/fb	119.6 146.9	152.5 145.7	183.2 149.2	187.9 100.9	183.6	224.1 130.6	200.5 107.9	158.3 96.3	152.2 99.0	152.2 98.4	152.2 97.7	152.2 97.1	
Lamb Swine Meat	cts/Ib cts/Ib	140.9 55.8	74.4	89.1	82.8	106.7 86.5	130.6	67.9	90.3 51.7	99.0 46.9	98.4 47.4	46.9	97.1 46.1	
Poultry	cts/fb	85.6	85.8	87.4	94.3	103.8	110.1	114.7	117.3	125.1	125.1	125.1	125.1	
Seafood	Cts/ID	83.0	83.8	07.4	34.3	103.6	110.1	114.7	117.3	123.1	123.1	123.1	123.1	
Salmon	\$/kg	4.9	6.1	5.9	4.8	6.8	6.6	5.3	5.4	4.8	4.8	4.8	4.8	
Shrimo	\$/1b	9.5	10.1	11.9	10.1	14.0	16.6	14.1	9.7	9.0	9.0	9.0	9.0	
Sugar	4.2		10.1	****	10.1	21.0	10.0	21.2	2.1	2.0	3.0	2.0	2.0	
Free market	cts/fb	18.2	20.9	26.2	21.4	17.7	17.1	13.2	13.9	13.9	13.6	14.5	14.5	
United States	cts/fb	24.3	31.1	37.6	28.9	21.2	24.9	24.9	25.9	25.6	25.5	24.8	24.7	
EU	cts/fb	26.0	25.7	26.7	26.4	26.0	27.4	25.4	25.0	25.2	25.2	25.2	25.2	
Bananas	\$/MT	848.0	881.4	975.9	984.3	926.4	931.9	958.7	911.3	877.5	861.2	853.4	845.5	
Oranges	\$/MT	909.0	1033.2	891.1	868.0	967.3	782.5	675.1	763.5	763.4	763.4	763.4	763.4	
verages														
Coffee														
Other milds	cts/fb	141.6	194.4	273.2	187.6	141.1	202.8	160.5	120.9	125.7	132.2	137.3	137.3	
Robus ta	cts/fb	77.1	84.1	116.0	110.6	100.5	105.6	94.2	64.5	70.7	70.7	70.7	70.7	
Cocoa Beans	\$/MT	2895.0	3130.6	2978.5	2377.1	2439.1	3062.8	3135.2	2872.9	2810.2	2760.0	2660.7	2557.4	2
Tea	cts/kg	314.0	316.7	346.2	348.9	266.0	237.9	340.4	351.7	354.2	354.2	354.2	354.2	
ricultural raw materials														
Timber														
Hardwood														
Logs	\$/M3	287.2	278.2	390.5	360.5	305.4	282.0	246.0	244.6	254.6	254.6	254.6	254.6	
Sawnwood	\$/M3	805.5	848.3	939.4	876.3	852.8	897.9	833.2	824.2	832.0	830.1	826.3	824.2	
Softwood	***	126.7	141.6	150.0	140.0	104.5	1747	100.0	1001	166.0	162.0	161.0	1000	
Logs	\$/M3	136.7	141.5	150.0	148.0	164.5	174.3	162.0	162.1	166.8	163.9	161.9	157.8	
Sawnwood	\$/M3	291.0	281.8	280.9	284.7	301.4	307.3	311.0	317.3	311.0	309.0	304.6	301.3	
Cotton Wool	cts/fb	62.8	103.5	154.6	89.2	90.4	83.1	70.4	62.2	63.3	62.9	62.6	54.2	
Fine	cts/kg	778.5	1023.2	1638.2	1345.3	1197.7	1074.4	1005.8	1028.3	1028.3	1006.2	877.2	773.7	
Coarse	cts/kg	611.4	820.1	1209.2	1212.6	1128.1	1030.4	922.8	866.8	724.3	608.7	601.8	540.2	
Rubber	cts/fb	87.2	165.7	218.5	153.2	126.8	88.8	70.7	59.1	61.8	54.2	49.4	44.0	
Hides	cts/fb	44.9	72.0	82.0	83.2	94.7	110.2	87.6	72.1	79.9	79.0	78.2	78.6	
tals	COID	77.2	72.0	02.0	05.2	34.1	110.2	01.0	74.1	13.3	15.0	70.2	10.0	
Copper	\$/MT	5165.3	7538.4	8823.5	7958.9	7331.5	6863.4	5510.5	4362.0	4351.0	4360.8	4377.1	4394.7	4
Aluminum	\$/MT	1669.2	2173.0	2400.6	2022.8	1846.7	1867.4	1664.7	1476.9	1513.1	1562.9	1625.4	1694.3	1
Iron Ore	\$/MT	80.0	146.7	167.8	128.5	135.4	96.8	55.2	35.9	32.1	31.6	35.9	35.9	
Tin	\$/MT	13602.7	20367.2	26051.4	21109.4	22281.6	21898.9	16066.6	13461.4	13339.3	13339.3	13339.3	13339.3	13
Nicke1	\$/MT	14672.4	21810.0	22909.1	17541.7	15030.0	16893.4	11862.6	8578.1	8705.2	8810.8	8900.8	8970.8	9
Zinc	\$/MT	1658.4	2160.4	2195.5	1950.0	1910.2	2161.0	1931.7	1493.7	1524.3	1544.6	1553.8	1555.8	1
Lead	\$/MT	1719.4	2148.2	2400.7	2063.6	2139.7	2095.5	1787.8	1617.0	1632.6	1659.3	1697.2	1735.0	1
Uranium	\$/ 1 b	46.7	46.0	56.2	48.9	38.6	33.5	36.8	32.9	33.5	33.5	33.5	33.4	
nergy														
Spot Crude 1/	\$/661	61.8	79.0	104.0	105.0	104.1	96.2	50.8	29.9	35.8	39.7	43.1	45.3	
Natural Gas														
Russian in Germany	\$/MMBTU	8.9	8.2	10.6	12.0	11.2	10.5	7.3	5.8	5.8	5.8	5.8	5.8	
Indonesian in Japan (LNG)	\$/MMBTU	7.5	9.4	15.6	18.1	17.3	17.0	10.9	9.5	9.5	9.5	9.5	9.5	
US, domestic market	\$/MMBTU	3.9	4.4	4.0	2.8	3.7	4.4	2.6	2.3	2.7	2.9	3.0	3.1	
oa1														
Australian, export markets	\$/MT	77.0	106.0	130.1	103.2	90.6	75.1	61.6	51.0	51.7	51.7	51.7	51.7	

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Monthly Inflation Rate

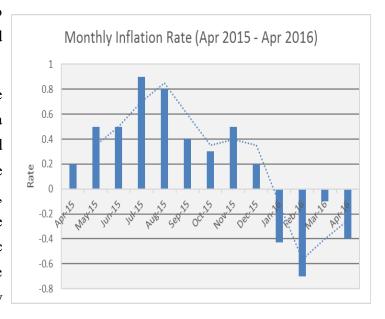
Domestic Inflation Rate

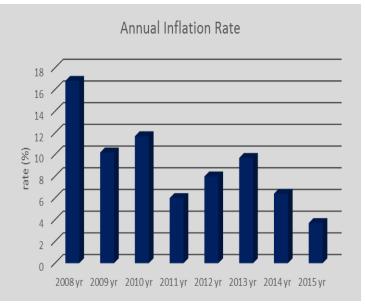
Inflation, measured by the All Jamaica "All Divisions" Consumer Price Index (CPI) decreased by **0.4%** for the period April 2016 over March 2016. The decrease in the rate for February brought inflation for the calendar year to date to **-1.7%**. The decrease in the rate for April 2016 over March 2016 brought inflation for Fiscal Year to January to **-0.4%**. The 12-month point to point rate at the end of April 2016 was **2.4%**.

According to the Statistical Institute of Jamaica, the outturn for the month was largely influenced by a decrease of 0.5% the division 'Food and Non-Alcoholic Beverages' recording and a decline of 2.2% in the division of 'Housing, Water, Electricity, Gas and Other Fuels'. The decrease reflected in the division of 'Food and Non-Alcoholic Beverages' was mostly impacted by the decrease reflected in the sub-division 'Vegetables and Starchy Foods'. The fall recorded for the division 'Housing, Water, Electricity, Gas and Other Fuels' division's decrease, was due to lower electricity and water rates for the month of April.

However, these decreases were offset by an increase of 6% in the division 'Transport'. This was chiefly as a result of higher prices for petrol on the local market. The other divisions that recorded increases in the All Jamaica 'All Divisions' index were: 'Clothing and Footwear' (0.2), 'Furnishings, Household Equipment and Routine Household Maintenance' (0.1), 'Health' (0.2), 'Recreation and Culture' (0.2), 'Restaurants and Accommodation Services and 'Miscellaneous Goods and Services (0.1).

Inflation in all the three regional areas decreased for the month of March 2015 relative to April 2016. Inflation for the Greater Kingston Metropolitan area (GKMA), Other Urban Centers (OUC) and Rural Areas declined by 0.6%, 0.4% and 0.2%, respectively.





Monthly Exchange Rates Update

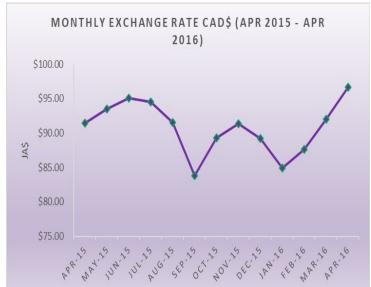
JMD:USD

For the month of April 2016, the average value of the Jamaica Dollar depreciated by J\$0.49 relative to the previous month. This represented a 0.40% increase to end at J\$\$122.45=U\$\$1.00. When compared to April 2015, this year's value was J\$7.28 or 6.32% more than the J\$\$115.17 recorded in 2015. A two-year comparison revealed that the month's value was J\$12.59 or 11.46% more.

MONTHLY US\$ EXCHANGE RATE (APR 2015 - APR 2016) \$124.00 \$122.00 \$120.00 \$116.00 \$114.00 \$1110.00 \$1110.00

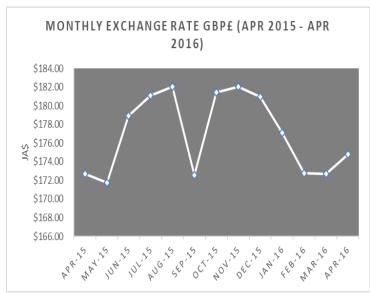
JMD:CAD

For April 2016 relative to March 2016 the monthly average value of the Jamaica Dollar depreciated by J\$4.65 or 5.06% when compared to the Canadian dollar to end at J\$96.61 = CAD\$1.00. A one-year comparison revealed that, this year's value was J\$3.14 or 3.36% more than the J\$93.47 in 2015. In April 2014, the value of CAD\$1.00 was equivalent to JA\$100.27, which means that the value of the dollar for April this year was JA\$3.66 or 3.73% below.



JMD:GBP

The monthly average value Jamaica Dollar depreciated by J\$2.07 or 1.20%, relative to the Great Britain Pound for April 2016 relative to March this year. April ended with J\$\$174.77 = GBP£1.00. When compared to the corresponding period last year, the value of the GBP\$1.00 in April this year was below the J\$171.73 by J\$3.04 or 1.77%. When compared to the J\$184.11 recorded in 2014 the value of the GBP\$1.00 for this month was JA\$9.34 or 5.20% lower.



Net International Reserves & Money Base

April 2016 Issue

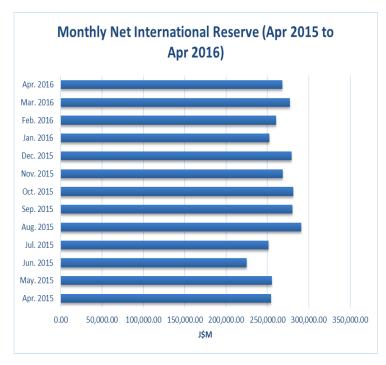
Net International Reserves

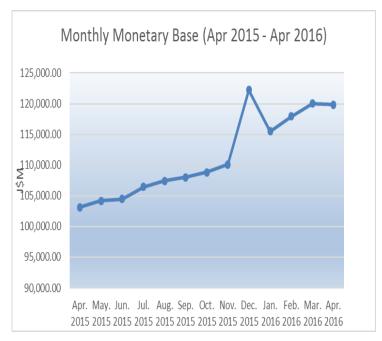
Data for the month ending April 2016 revealed that the stock of Net International Reserves (NIR) at the Bank of Jamaica was J\$267.83 billion (US\$2,335.90 million). This reflected a decrease of **J\$9.131** billion (US\$79.63 million) relative to March 2016. The change in the NIR for the month was due to a decrease in foreign assets and an increase in foreign liabilities. Under the category of foreign asset two of the sources decreased while one increased. Currency and Deposits decreased by US\$69.91 million, Securities decreased US\$8.49 million while SDR increased by US\$1.53 million, to end the month with total foreign asset US\$2,817.43 million. This represented a total decrease of US\$76.88 million. Under foreign liabilities IMF expenditures increased while Other expenses remained unchanged; Payments to IMF increased by US\$2.76 million which was the total increase in foreign liabilities. At the end of April, the gross reserves were sufficient to finance 33.47 weeks of goods imports which represented 21.47 weeks over the international benchmark of 12 weeks of goods imports.

Monetary Base

The monetary base decreased by J\$0.173 billion to J\$119.838 billion for April 2016 relative to March this year. The change in the base reflected decreases in the Net Currency Issue and the Commercial Banks' Current Account while the Commercial Banks' Statutory Reserves increased. Net Currency Issue decreased by J\$0.644 billion to

end at J\$79.344 billion and the Commercial Banks' Current Account decreased by J\$0.054.97 billion to a total of J\$0.348.31 billion. Commercial Banks' Statutory Reserves increased by J\$0.526 billion to a total of J\$40.145 billion.





Remittance Inflow Update

April 2016 Issue

to the US\$210.9 million recorded in December. Remittance Companies and Other Remittances. When compared to the corresponding month of the previous year gross remittance declined by US\$5.9 million or 3.6%. For January 2016, net remittances were US\$137.9 million reflecting a decrease of US\$50.7 million or 26.89% relative to December last year. When compared to the corresponding period of 2015, net remittances decreased by US\$9.5 million or 6.4%. These inflows were above the average of US\$154.6 million for the

At the end of January 2016 gross remittance previous five corresponding periods. The reduction in inflows were US\$160.3 million. This represented total remittance inflows emanated from decreases of a decrease of 24.0% or US\$50.6 million relative US\$2.5 million and US\$3.4 million inflows through

> For the fiscal year 2015/16 to January, total remittance inflows increased by US\$49.8 million or 2.8% to US\$1 858.2 million relative to the corresponding period of last year. Net remittances inflows also increased for the fiscal year 2015/16 to December. Net remittance inflow rose by US\$45.8 million or 2.8% to US\$1 660.2 million relative to the corresponding period of the last fiscal vear.

	JA	MAICA'S REMITTAN	CES	
		(US\$MN)		
	2015 January	2016 January	Change	% Change
Total Remittance Inflows	166.2	160.3	-5.9	-3.6
Remittance Companies	139.3	136.8	-2.5	-1.8
Other Remittances	26.9	23.5	-3.4	-12.6
Total Remittance Outflows	18.9	22.4	3.5	18.7
Net Remittances	147.4	137.9	-9.5	-6.4

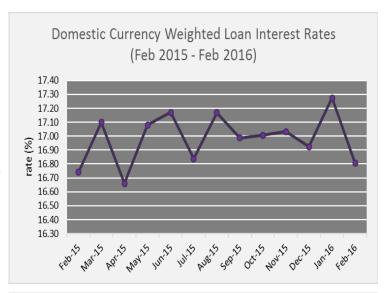
Interest Rates April 2016 Issue

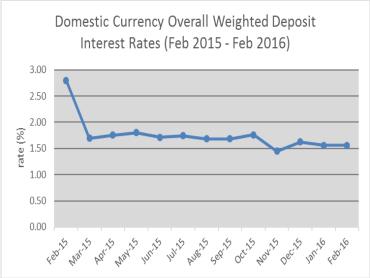
For February 2016, the overall weighted average lending rate on domestic currency loans decreased to 16.81% from 17.27% relative to the previous month. This occurred in the context of decreases in the rates of three of the six loan types. These were, decreases in Personal Credit of 134bps, in Central Government of 22bps, and in Installment Credit of 9bps. The impact of these decreases was offset by an increases in Mortgage Credit, Commercial Credit and Local Government and other Public Entities of 1bps, 15bps and 120bps respectively.

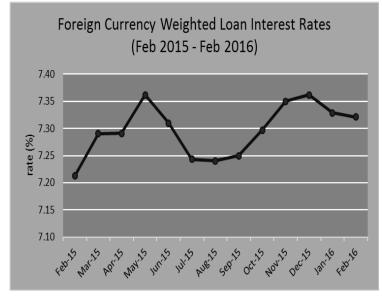
Meanwhile, the weighted average domestic interest rates on deposits remained unchanged at 1.56% relative to January.

For February this year foreign currency loans rate decreased relative to January 2016. In this regard, the foreign currency loan rate marginally declined by 1bps to 7.32%. Two of the loan types decreased; Local Government and Other Public Entities by 3bps and Installment Credit by 2bps. While Personal Credit, Mortgage Credit and Commercial Credit increased by 14bps, 9bps and 1bps respectively.

Meanwhile the interest rates on foreign currency deposits decreased for February relative to January this year. In this regard foreign currency deposits rate fell by 4bps to 1.70%.







Domestic Bauxite and Alumina

April 2016 Issue

March 2014.

The production of crude bauxite, which is bauxite sum of bauxite mined for exports and bauxite con-respectively. verted to alumina, for March this year was 807,849

For the month of March 2016, the production of tonnes. This represented a 76,219 tonnes or 10.42% Alumina was 166,803 tonnes. This represented a increase from February this year. Total bauxite produc-24,750 or 17.42% increase, relative to February. tion decreased by 10.28% relative to March 2015 and by Alumina production has increased by 4.10% when 65,681 tonnes or 7.52% relative to March 2014. Meancompared to March 2015. It also increased relative while, the total crude bauxite sold for the month was to March in 2014, by 12,221 or 7.90%. For the 298,987 tonnes. This represented a 47,423 or 13.69% month, the sale of alumina amounted to 146,371 decrease relative to February 2016. March's value was tonnes. This represented a decrease of 14,375 37.18% and 35.43% less than the recorded amounts in tonnes or 8.94% relative to February 2016. When March 2015 and March 2014 respectively. In addition, compared to March 2015 sale of alumina, this year the sale of total bauxite was 691,603 tonnes. This reprealumina sales was 11.53% less. Alumina sales desented a decrease of 83,474 or 10.77% compared to Febcreased by 64,786 or 30.68% in comparison to ruary this year. This year's value was 22.63% and 31.546% less than the recorded amounts in 2015 and 2014 respectively.

mined for exports, for March 2016 was 355,358 For the calendar year to date, the production of crude tonnes. This is an 817 tonnes or a 0.23% in-bauxite was 1,103,208 tonnes which is 12.09% and crease from the 354,541 tonnes recorded in Febru- 4.89% less than the recorded amount for the correspondary this year. Crude bauxite production declined by ing period in 2014 and 2013 respectively. For the calen-28.31% when compared to March 2015 and it de-dar year to date, the production of total bauxite was creased by 118,051 or 24.94% when compared to 2,315,925 tonnes. This is 5.27% less and 4.58% more March 2014. Total bauxite production, which is the than the recorded amounts in recorded in 2014 and 2013

PERIOD:2016	PRODUC	CTION		SALES				
	ALUMINA	CRUDE BAUXITE	TOTAL BAUXITE**	ALUMINA	CRUDE BAUXITE	TOTAL BAUXITE		
MONTH: March								
2016	166,803	355,358	807,849	146,371	298,987	691,603		
2015	160,227	495,685	900,458	165,453	475,932	893,937		
% Chg 2016/15	4.10	-28.31	-10.28	-11.53	-37.18	-22.63		
2014	154,582	473,409	873,530	211,157	463,032	1,010,329		
% Chg 2015/14	3.65	4.71	3.08	-21.64	2.79	-11.52		
<u>Y-T-D</u>								
2016	476,794	1,103,208	2,315,925	463,249	985,422	2,222,890		
2015	476,839	1,254,989	2,444,809	487,367	1,238,883	2,456,253		
% Chg 2016/15	-0.01	-12.09	-5.27	-4.95	-20.46	-9.50		
2014	475,671	1,159,791	2,426,985	498,736	1,143,414	2,467,614		
% Chg 2015/14	0.25	8.21	0.73	-2.28	8.35	-0.46		
	<u> </u>	NOTE:						
			Bauxite mined for					
		Total Bauxite = 0	Crude bauxite + b	auxite coverted to	alumina			
Economics Division, JBI								
2016/04/20								

April 2016 Issue **Tourism**

Stopover tourist arrivals for February 2016 were other increase in arrivals was Canada with 3.2%. **185,272.** This month's total was **5,716** or **3.18%** higher than the 179,556 in February this year. February's total was an increase of 4.2% over the 177,805 recorded in February last year. In 2014 total stopovers for the corresponding period was 169,328, hence this year's February total was **15.944** or **9.42%** more. For the January to February period, arrivals increased by 2.9%, with **364,831** stopovers compared to **354,426** in 2015.

For February 2016, the changes reflected in the total stopovers observed for the seven categories of destination varied. Out of the seven categories four recorded an increase in numbers, three recorded decreases while one remained flat when compared February 2015. The largest to percentage increases were reflected stopovers form Asia, Other Countries, and Europe with 12.1%, 11.9% and 11.1% respectively. Of the Other Countries, once again Australia provided the most stopover arrivals to Jamaica, with 475 visitors in 2014 compared to 447 in 2015. The

These increases were offset by a decreases in arrivals from Latin America and the United States. The decreases in Latin America and the United States were 7.0% and 0.3% respectively. While arrivals from the Caribbean remained flat. The market share of stopover visitors for January 2016 was as follows: USA (57.4%); Canada (23.4%); UK (8.7%); Continental Europe (6.1%), the Caribbean (2.4%); and the others, including Latin America and Asia (2.0%).

A total of 197,467 cruise passengers visited Jamaica in January, 2016. This represented a 10,723 or 5.74% increase over the 186,744 recorded in the previous number. For the corresponding period in 2015 total cruise passengers was 150,803 hence this year's total was 30.9% more. In February 2014, the total arrivals stood at 131,948, this means that this year's total was 49.66% more.

For February 2016, Cruise passengers visiting the Falmouth port increased by 9.7%. Cruise passengers visiting the port of Ocho Rios increased by 30.5% and those visiting Montego Bay increased by 92.9%.



The Private Sector Organization of Jamaica, Carlton Alexander Building, 39 Hope Road Kingston 10 Jamaica Tel: 927-6238 Fax: 978-2709

Stock Market Update

April 2016 Issue

On the last trading day in April 2016, for the period April 01, 2016 to April 29, 2016, the main JSE index declined by 3,872.15 points or 2.52% to close at 150,039.18 points. The JSE Combined Index declined by 2,159.96 points or 1.33% to close at 160,357.96 points. The JSE Junior advanced by 139.63 points or 7.25% to close at 2,064.85 points. In contrast, once again, the JSE Cross Listed Index remained firmed and closed the month at 499.06 points.

Overall, the market activity for April resulted from trading in sixty-eight (68) stocks of which 28 advanced, 34 declined and 6 traded firm. In total 383,617,529.00 units of stock were traded during the month, which had a total value of J\$2,108,897,928.73. This resulted in market capitalization of J\$537,921,305,981.00 billion as at end April 2016.

Radio Jamaica Limited was the volume leader for the month with 196,982,447 units amounting to 50.88% of market volume. Second was Supreme Ventures Limited, which traded 32,351,299 units

amounting to **8.36%** of the market volume. Next in line was Cable & Wireless Jamaica Limited with a total of **22,140,271 units** amounting to **5.72%** of the market volume.

The top four advancing stocks for the month of April were the Palace Amusement (28.38%), Cable Wireless Jamaica Limited (8.73%), Jamaica Producers Group (7.72%) and Seprod Limited (6.00%). The top four declining stocks were, 1834 Investments Limited (51.00%), Mayberry Investments Limited (26.47%), Ciboney Group (Jamaica) (22.22%) and Pulse Investments Limited (21.67%).

For the calendar year to date, the top four advancing stocks were Jamaica Broilers Group (39.96%), Caribbean Cement Company (39.15%), Berger Paints (Jamaica (25.00%) and Supreme Ventures (13.79%). Meanwhile, the top four declining stocks for the calendar year to date were Radio Jamaica Limited (68.58%), Ciboney Group (33.33%), Hardware & Lumber (32.38%) and Mayberry Investments Limited (31.03%).

Index	Date	Value	Change (\$)	Change (%)	Volume Traded
JSE-Index	3/1/2016	154435.17	-2264.11	-1.44	3850773
JSE-Index	3/2/2016	154244	-191.17	-0.12	3867337
JSE-Index	3/3/2016	154828.16	584.16	0.38	5973096
JSE-Index	3/4/2016	155747.82	919.66	0.59	4188782
JSE-Index	3/7/2016	155242.8	-505.02	-0.32	18628793
JSE-Index	3/8/2016	153186.49	-2056.31	-1.32	4908124
JSE-Index	3/9/2016	153042.48	-144.01	-0.09	2920807
JSE-Index	3/10/2016	153605.25	562.77	0.37	2875641
JSE-Index	3/11/2016	153612.85	7.6	0	2400778
JSE-Index	3/14/2016	153435.78	-177.07	-0.12	2762480
JSE-Index	3/15/2016	151473.49	-1962.29	-1.28	14645338
JSE-Index	3/16/2016	151747.82	274.33	0.18	2269814
JSE-Index	3/17/2016	152610.01	862.19	0.57	5040820
JSE-Index	3/18/2016	153083.07	473.06	0.31	5041502
JSE-Index	3/21/2016	153581.38	498.31	0.33	3385787
JSE-Index	3/22/2016	153150.85	-428.48	-0.28	2968200
JSE-Index	3/23/2016	153623.04	472.09	0.31	6240385

Previous Highlights: March 2016 Summary

April 2016 Issue

- On March 4th ,2016. An IMF staff team led by Mr. Nigel Chalk, Deputy Director of the Western Hemisphere Department, and Ms. Uma Ramakrishnan, Mission Chief for Jamaica visited Jamaica. The team, in their statement release, highlighted that fiscal measures should be designed to be consistent with a primary surplus target of 7% of GDP in 2016/17 and tax policy reforms should continue to contribute to a fair, equitable, and efficient tax system. On March 8th, 2016, the IMF published a Working Paper on Caribbean Energy: Macro Related Challenges. The paper outlined power sector challenges and took stock of national and regional strategies to address them. It presented recommendations to move the energy agenda forward, based on analyses of macro-aspects of energy reform. The paper looked at three main areas, which included, quantitative assessment of the impact of energy costs on growth and competitiveness, evaluation of gains from implementing announced renewable energy and energy efficiency targets, and analysis of the impact of energy investments on debt sustainability.
- For the month of March 2016, the value of the Jamaica Dollar depreciated by J\$0.28 or 0.23% to J\$121.96=US\$1.00. Similar to the US dollar the Jamaican dollar depreciated against the Canadian Dollar by J\$4.30 or 4.91% to J\$91.96 = CAD\$1.00 relative to February. The Great Britain Pound appreciated by J\$0.06 or 0.035% relative to February 2016 to end the month at \$172.71 = GBP£1.00
- ◆ Data for the month ending March 2016 revealed that the stock of Net International Reserves (NIR) at the Bank of Jamaica was J\$276.97 billion (US\$ 2,415.53 million). This reflected an increase of J\$16.72 billion (US\$145.78 million) relative to February 2016.
- Consumer prices in Jamaica rose 3% year to date to March 2016, which was 3.66% in the previous month.
- The monetary base increased by J\$2.06 billion to J\$120.01 billion for March 2016 relative to February year.
- On the last trading day in March 2016, for the period March 01, 2016 to March 31, 2016, the main JSE index declined by 2,787.95 points or 1.78% to close at 153,911.33 points. The JSE Combined Index declined by 2,830.40 points or 1.71% to close at

Previous Highlights: March 2016 Summary

April 2016 Issue

162,517.92 points. The JSE Junior declined by 22.69 points or 1.16% to close at 1,925.22 points. In contrast, once again, the JSE Cross Listed Index remained firm and closed the month at 499.06 points.

- For the month of February 2016, the production Alumina was 142,053 tonnes. represented a 25,885 or 15.41% increase, relative to January 2016. For the month, the sale of alumina amounted to 160,746 tonnes. This represented an increase of 4,614 tonnes or 2.95% relative to the previous. The production of crude bauxite, which is bauxite mined for exports, for February 2016 was 354,541 tonnes. This is a 38,768 tonnes or a 9.86% increase from the 393,309 tonnes recorded in January this year. Total bauxite production, which is the sum of bauxite mined for exports and bauxite converted to alumina, for February this year was 731,630 tonnes. This represented a 27,766 tonnes or 3.40% decrease from the previous month.
- The overall weighted average lending rate on domestic currency loans increased to 17.27% from 16.92% at end January 2016 relative to

December 2015. The weighted average domestic interest rates on deposits decreased by 6bps to 1.56% at end January 2016 relative to end December 2015. For the month of January foreign currency loan rate decreased relative to December 2015. In this regard, the foreign currency loan rate declined by 3bps to 7.33%. The interest rates on foreign currency deposits decreased in January relative to December. In this regard the foreign currency deposit rate fell by 1bps to 1.74%.

- Stopover tourist arrivals for January 2016 were 179,559. This month's total was 42,537 or 19.41% lower than the 219,096 in December last year. January's total was an increase of 1.7%% over the 176,621 recorded in January.
- There were prices reductions observed in 38% (8) of the commodities monitored for March 2016. The price of crude oil index Brent increased in March 2016 as well as the WTI. The Brent moved up by 17.68% and the WTI increased by 24.45%. Natural gas however, decreased by 13.27%.

KEY April 2016 Issue

ACP— Africa Caribbean Pacific States	Loan – Average Loan Rate
BM – Base Money	M – Monthly Percentage Change
BP — Basis Points	M2 – Money Supply
CaPRI— Caribbean Policy and Research Institute	MT – Million tonnes
CARICOM— Caribbean Community & Common Market	N/A – Not Available
CARIFORUM— CARICOM and Dominican Republic	NIR – Net International Reserves
CPI – Consumer Price Index	OMO – Open Market Operation
CSME— Caribbean Single Market & Economy	P – Point-to-Point Percentage Change
EC— European Commission	R – Revised
EPA—Economic Partnership Agreement	S – Stopover
EU—European Union	Save – Average Savings Deposit Rate
FX Dep – Foreign Exchange Deposit	T-bill – 6-month Treasury Bill Yield
JCB – Jamaica Conference Board	Tourism – Total Tourist Arrivals
JCC – Jamaica Chamber of Commerce	WATBY- weighted average Treasury bill yield
KMA — Kingston and Metropolitan Area	WTO—World Trade Organization
KSA—Kingston and St. Andrew	OECD—Organisation for Economic Co-operating and Dev
WTI — West Texas Intermediate (Spot Oil Price)	ment (membership of 30 major countries)

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The Private Sector Organization of Jamaica, 39 Hope Road, Kingston 10 Tel: 927-6238/6958 Fax: 978-2709 Email: Web site: http://www.psoj.org

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